## SEVEN-YEAR BEMUDAGRASS PRODUCTION AT PECOS, TEXAS UNDER IRRIGATION

F. M. Rouquette, Jr., C.R. Stichler, and J.M. Murphy

Background. Bermudagrass variety evaluations including Tifton 85 were conducted at Pecos, Texas to determine stand survival and annual DM production. Eight bermudagrass varieties were established in April-May, 1994, and were harvested during a 7-year period from 1996 through 2002. In September 1996, NK-37 bermudagrass and Jose Tall Wheatgrass were planted and harvested at the same time as other bermudagrasses for a 5-year period from 1998 through 2002. Forages were harvested to a 2-inch stubble at 28-day intervals 4 to 5 times each year. Soils at TAES-Pecos are alkaline, high in P and K, and slightly saline, and irrigation water contains nitrates. Fertilizer schedules were as follows: 1994–1995 (none); 1996-1997 (124-0-0142 S in early season and after each harvest); 1998 (none); and 1999-2002 (50-0-0 early season and after each harvest). During this test period, annual precipitation was less than 7-inches per year. The irrigation schedules were as follows: 1) 4.0 inches during February of each year; 2) 4.8 inches beginning early April and 4.8 inches every 21 days until first harvest; 3) 2.4 inches after each harvest and 2.4 inches 14-days later (4.8" per 28-day interval). Thus, the total amount of water added per year was about 50 inches. The stubble height during the winter was about 4 inches.

Research Findings. During the 7-year measurement period, Coastal bermudagrass produced more forage (P<.05) than the other 7 varieties (Table 1). The approximate hay – equivalent production was more than 7.5 tons per acre. Tifton 85 bermudagrass was mid-level in DM yield at 11555 lbs/ac. Most of the reduced DM potential of Tifton 85 occurred during the first harvest in which it ranked lowest among the eight varieties, which included 1000 lbs/ac less than Coastal bermudagrass. The moderately slow initiation of DM production was also noted previously in bermudagrass comparisons by Evers at TAES-Overton. Evaluations during the last 5 years of the study, 1998-2002, included both NK-37 bermudagrass and Jose Tall Wheatgrass. During this period, NK-37 DM production was not different (P>.05) from Coastal which had the highest yields, nor was NK-37 DM different (P>0.5) from that of Brazos, Tifton 44, or Alicia. During the 7-year period of this evaluation, all bermudagrasses and including Tifton 85, were sustainable. Production was variable with year as expected, however, yields in 1998 with no added N were higher than expected (Table 3). The annual fertilization schedules included moderately high rates of N and S during the first two years of the study, and then were decreased to moderate rates during the last four years of the evaluation (Table 3).

**Application.** Bermudagrasses were sustainable and had variable levels of production during the 7-year evaluation. Irrigation requirements of about 50 inches produced about 6.5 to 7 tons/ac DM or about 7.5 tons/ac as hay of the highest producing varieties. With fertilizer and irrigation costs, hay production would have to be merchandized to specialty markets such as horses, etc., in order to have opportunities for positive cash flow.

Table 1. Seven-year average of annual dry matter (DM) production of bermudagrass varieties.

| Bermudagrass Variety | 7-Year Avg. DM Yield (lbs/ac) |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Coastal              | 13649 a <sup>1</sup>          |
| Coastai              | · ·                           |
| Brazos               | 13021 b                       |
| Tifton 44            | 12530 bc                      |
| Alicia               | 12432 c                       |
| Tifton 85            | 11555 d                       |
| Jiggs                | 11321 de                      |
| World Feeder         | 10959 ef                      |
| Grazer               | 10596 f                       |

DM yields followed by a different letter are different (P<.05)

Table 2. Five-year average of annual dry matter production of bermudagrasses and tall wheatgrass.

| Variety              | 5-Year Avg. DM Yield |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Coastal              | 14009 a <sup>1</sup> |
| NK-37                | 13341 ab             |
| Brazos               | 13237 Ь              |
| Tifton 44            | 13083 b              |
| Alicia               | 12821 b              |
| Jiggs                | 11622 c              |
| Tifton 85            | 11337 cd             |
| World Feeder         | 11270 cd             |
| Grazer               | 10756 d              |
| Jose Tall Wheatgrass | 8565 e               |

DM yields followed by a different letter are different (P<.05)

Table 3. Yearly variation in dry matter (DM) production during the seven year period.

| Year | Total DM Yield       | Annual Fertilizer |  |
|------|----------------------|-------------------|--|
|      | (lbs/ac)             | (lbs/ac)          |  |
| 2002 | 13731 a <sup>1</sup> | 250-0-0           |  |
| 1998 | 12131 b              | None              |  |
| 1996 | 12114 bc             | 496-0-0-568 S     |  |
| 1999 | 12064 bc             | 200-0-0           |  |
| 2001 | 11800 bc             | 200-0-0           |  |
| 2000 | 11609 c              | 200-0-0           |  |
| 1997 | 10607 d              | 620-0-0-710 S     |  |

DM yields followed by a different letter are different (P<.05)