# FORAGE AND BEEF CATTLE RESEARCH - 1982 Research Center Technical Report 82-2

by

James DavisResearch Associate, Animal Nutrition
M. J. FlorenceResearch Associate, Forage Production
Bob GodfreyGraduate Student, Reproductive Physiology
Rick HardinTom Slick Research Fellow, Reproductive Physiology
Terry KeislingAssociate Professor, Agronomy, Univ. of Arkansas
Beverly KrejsaGraduate Student, Forage Physiology
Gary MasonGraduate Student, Reproductive Physiology
Lloyd NelsonAssociate Professor, Small Grains Breeder
Ron Randel Acting Resident Director of Research, Professor,
Reproductive Physiology
Ray Riley Lecturer, Meat & Muscle Biology, Texas A&M Univ.
Monte RouquetteAssociate Professor, Forage Physiology
Laura Rutter Tom Slick Research Fellow, Reproductive Physiology
Jeff SavellAssistant Professor, Meat & Muscle Biology, Texas
A&M Univ.
Ray SmithAssistant Professor, Forage Legume Breeding
Max Sudweeks Extension Specialist, Dairy

Texas A&M University Agricultural Research and Extension Center at Overton

Texas Agricultural Experiment Station

Overton, Texas

May 19, 1982

Mention of trademark or a proprietary product does not consitute a guarantee or a warranty of the product by the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station and does not imply its approval to the exclusion of other products that also may be suitable.

# VARIETY TESTS FOR WINTER ANNUAL FORAGE PRODUCTION

1980-81

#### L. R. Nelson

## SUMMARY

It is important for producers to know which small grain varieties have the potential to produce high forage yields. This information is very valuable for cattlemen who will either graze out the small grain or pull cattle off and harvest grain. Therefore, in an attempt to simulate grazing, tests were clipped several times to compare varieties for forage yield at various times during the growing season and for total yield. Separate tests were conducted for oats, rye, ryegrass, triticale and wheat. It is important to consider forage distribution throughout the growing season and not only total forage yield. Early fall and winter forage production may be of more value to a forage program than forage produced in April or May.

### OBJECTIVE

These trials were conducted to determine which varieties produce highest forage yields in East Texas. Second, to compare experimental and newly released lines with recommended varieties for their adaptation to East Texas growing conditions.

#### PROCEDURE

Rye, wheat and oats were planted into separate tests on September 8. The triticale and ryegrass variety tests were planted on September 12th and 15th, respectively. Seed was planted into six-row plots spaced 8 inches apart, 10 ft in length. The four center rows were harvested at a height of about 2 inches with a flail-type harvester. Fertilizer application consisted of a preplant application at a rate of 60-60-60 (N-P<sub>2</sub>0<sub>5</sub>-K<sub>2</sub>0) lbs/acre and a split N application of 100 lbs on October 1, 1980 and 60 lbs on February 17, 1981 for a total N application of 220 lbs/acre. Individual small grain forage tests were harvested when there was sufficient forage to cut. Normally, this would be when the forage was from 8 to 10 inches tall. No serious disease or insect pests were observed in these tests.

Moisture was limiting during most of the fall and winter. This required one irrigation during late September of about 1 inch to avoid losing stands of all small grain forage tests. Precipitation amounts in inches by months were: September - 3.3; October - 2.0; November - 3.6; December - 1.5; January - 1.1; February - 2.8; March - 2.8; April - 2.0; May - 7.9. We observed some winterkill on ryegrass and triticale, with the coldest temperatures occurring on February 12 when a temperature of 10° F was recorded. Winter injury on for several triticale varieties was related to a harvest shortly before the severe low temperatures.

## RESULTS

Forage yield data are presented in Tables 1 through 5. Highest overall forage yields in 1980-81 were produced by oats and rye, followed by triticale, ryegrass and wheat. Overall, the warmer than average temperatures did not result in higher forage yields because of fairly dry growing conditions. These same warm growing conditions did allow mid-winter (Jan & Feb) growth for oats (Table 1) and ryegrass (Table 2). Some freeze injury occurred on ryegrass, however, none was recorded on oats. Good yields on rye (Table 3) were obtained and, as would be expected, most of the forage was produced prior to March 30th. yields were harvested on the triticale test (Table 4). proportion of the triticale forage was produced prior to December 10th and after March 30th. The distribution of wheat forage (Table 5) indicates a uniform production until early April. If wheat is going to be harvested for grain, cattle would normally be taken off about February Therefore, forage from the first two harvests only would be 15th. available, which in this particular study would have equalled from 2500 to 3000 lbs of forage per acre.

When making comparisons between varieties within a table, difference between varieties of less than the LSD are probably due to chance only and should not be considered as important. Furthermore, data from one year may be misleading because of unusual weather conditions. Therefore, these data should only be used to give an indication of varietal differences. Recommendations should be made using at least 3-years data.

Table 1. Oat forage variety test at Overton, TX 1980-81.

		Harvest date					
	Dec 3	Feb 12	Mar 5	Apr 6	May 8	Total Yield	
Variety		P	ounds of				
Walken	1162	1226	1584	2017	2248	8237	
Coker 76-16	1621	1098	1354	2299	1762	8134	
Coker 77-19	2006	1201	1200	1583	2043	8033	
Coker 227	1135	1022	1864	2171	1787	7979	
Big Mac	1081	1175	1737	1992	1890	7875	
Coker 79-21	1270	1073	1507	2043	1966	7859	
Four-Twenty-Two	1531	1379	1507	1507	1915	7839	
Coker 73-23	1720	945	1354	1609	2120	7748	
NF-95	1513	1200	1405	1941	1635	7694	
NF-188	1126	1149	1558	1915	1941	7689	
Coker 79-22	1756	1149	1124	1660	1967	7656	
Ark 148-15	1306	1047	1533	1890	1788	7564	
TAM-0-312	1351	1226	1405	1813	1762	7557	
Coker 234	1441	971	1533	1890	1686	7521	
NF-121	2153	869	1175	1966	1353	7516	
New Nortex	1621	1047	1609	1532	1558	7367	
Mesquite	1126	1303	1558	1839	1430	7256	
Ora	1162	766	1558	2401	1303	7190	
Bob	1396	945	1430	1788	1583		
Nora	1081	792				7142	
NOLA	1001	192	1430	2426	1252	6981	
Mean	1428	1079	1471	1914	1749	7641	
C.V.	24	20	13	12	17		
LSD (10% level)	405	259	230	272	351		

Planted on Sept. 8, 1980.

Fertilizer application preplant - 500 lbs of 12-12-12/acre, topdress N - 100 lbs/N/acre on Oct. 1st, 60 lbs/N/acre on Feb. 17th.

Table 2. Ryegrass forage variety test at Overton, TX 1980-81.

		Har	vest da	ate		Total	96	Crown
	Dec 12	Jan 28	Mar 5	Mar 31	Apr 27		Winter	
Variety		Pounds	of dry	matter	per ac	ere	injury	%
Marshall	1098	945	1226	1966	2222	7457	5	45 <sup>2</sup>
Tetrablend 444	1124	919	971	1634	1864	6512	30	30
Tx-0-R-78-1	1022	971	945	1558	1890	6386	30	10
Tx-0-R-80-4	1226	1124	894	1328	1711	6283	25	15
Common	1124	1073	1022	1430	1634	6283	40	25
Gulf	1175	971	818	1532	1737	6233	35	25
Fla. Reseeding	1175	945	843	1430	1813	6206	40	1
Sunbelt	1150	971	818	1532	1711	6182	30	25
Ga. Reseeding	1124	894	869	1405	1839	6131	40	50
Tx-0-R-80-5	1124	1098	818	1277	1813	6130	40	10
Meritra	971	766	869	1584	1000	6000	20	2.5
Mont. Selection	741	818	1022		1890	6080	20	35
Shannon	1073			1456	1864	5901	15	55
Strainford 1		792	843	1380	1481	5569	30	45
Gulf - Vitavax (4 oz)	1456	945	741	1354	1864	6360	30	-
Gulf - Vitavax (8 oz)	1150	970	792	1328	1941	6181	30	-
Mean	1115	947	899	1480	1818	6259		
C.V.	16	15	14	12	12	5255		
LSD (10% level)	207	170	146	210	246			

Seed treated with 4 and 8 oz, respectively, of vitavax per 100 lbs of seed.

Planted on Sept. 15, 1980.

Fertilizer application preplant 500 lbs 12-12-12/acre, topdress N - 100 lbs/N/acre on Oct. 1st, 60 lbs/N/acre on Feb. 17th.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Crown rust ratings were taken on May 20, 1981 at Angleton, TX.
Ratings are on a percentage of leaf area covered with rust.

Table 3. Rye forage variety test at Overton, TX 1980-81.

	Harvest date								
	Nov 20	Jan 23	Feb 27	Mar 30	Apr 24	Total Yield			
Variety		Pounds	of dry	matter pe	r acre				
Wintergrazer 70-B	1981	1737	1711	2528	639	8596			
NF 74	2297	1890	1379	2094	639	8299			
NF 72	2116	1941	1405	2196	562	8220			
NF 214	2116	1839	1507	2068	613	8143			
Wintergrazer 80	2206	1558	1430	2299	537	8030			
Bonel	1892	1583	1430	2145	792	7842			
Maton	2297	1609	1405	1967	562	7840			
GI-75	2162	1685	1277	2094	537	7755			
Wintergrazer 70	2071	1686	1328	2068	409	7562			
Gurley Grazer 2000	2297	1813	1048	1762	613	7533			
Elbon	1711	1966	1303	1890	639	7509			
Gurley Abruzzi	2207	1992	945	1788	562	7494			
GI-75	2071	1788	1124	1864	537	7384			
NAPB SR-80	1666	1839	1124	2171	511	7311			
Wrens Abruzzi	2161	1788	537	2119	588	7193			
McNair Vitagraze	2252	1915	588	1762	588	7105			
Athens Abruzzi	1666	1763	1099	1813	588	6929			
Northrup King SS1	2269	1634	511	1685	562	6661			
Mean	2080	1779	1175	2017	582	7634			
CV	22	14	15	15	27				
LSD (10% level)	543	298	198	372	185				

Planted on Sept. 9, 1980.

Fertilizer application preplant - 500 lbs of 12-12-12/acre, topdress N - 100 lbs N/acre on Oct. 1st, 60 lbs N/acre on Feb. 17.

Table 4. Triticale forage variety test at Overton, TX 1980-81.

			Harves	t date			
	Dec 10	Jan 27	Mar 4	Mar 30	May	7 Total yield	% Winter
Variety				matter			injury
Kershen-B-858 (grain type)	3570	562	843	1405	1634	8014	20
Kershen-Commercial Blend	2564	307	1252	1609	1941	7673	0
Kershen-A-313-A-36	2462	716	1328	1354	1660	7520	5
Kershen-B-227-8	2159	690	1507	1609	1073	7038	О
Kershen-B-858	2347	818	996	1252	1481	6894	40
Kershen-A-313-A-15	1860	741	1252	1225	1711	6790	10
Kershen-A-876-6	2341	1099	1022	1048	1226	6736	60
Noble Foundation-12	3205	894	384	767	1227	6527	90
Noble Foundation-55	2774	588	537	945	1303	6147	60
Noble Foundation-185	2306	741	767	894	1200	5908	60
Coker 68-15	2433	971	1343	511	179	5437	10
Mean	2585	732	1002	1158	1356	6833	
C.V.	18	22	15	11	19		
LSD (10% level)	550	191	183	154	320		

Planted on Sept. 12, 1980.

Fertilizer application preplant - 500 lbs of 12-12-12/acre, topdress N - 100 lbs N/acre on Oct. 1st, 60 lbs N/acre on Feb. 17.

Table 5. Wheat forage variety test at Overton, TX 1980-81.

	Harvest date						
	Dec 11	Feb 13	Mar 5	Apr 7	Total yield		
Variety		Pounds of	dry matter	per acre	-		
Tx-0-73-133	1316	1609	1201	1507	5633		
McNair 10-03	1504	1507	1073	1302	5386		
Tx-0-76-40	1489	1328	1124	1251	5192		
Tx-0-73-93	1219	767	1405	1762	5153		
Tx-0-78-7303	1397	1252	971	1481	5101		
Tx-0-73-61	1330	1124	1379	1099	4932		
Tx-0-72-9	1035	614	1737	1507	4893		
Oasis	1415	1124	1124	1201	4864		
Delta Queen	1224	1456	741	1328	4747		
Rosen	1456	1379	1022	792	4649		
				, , , ,	1015		
Coker 762	1046	1584	818	1175	4623		
Coker 68-15	1340	869	1430	971	4610		
Sturdy	1202	665	1277	1226	4370		
Tx-0-74-39	1740	1022	742	843	4347		
TAM-W-101	945	767	1609	996	4317		
NF-21	1258	1124	766	1149	4297		
NF-2	1310	1047	920	971	4248		
Agent	1271	1098	1047	817	4233		
Arthur-71	1164	741	1354	894	4153		
Ark-150-31	1256	767	1328	766	4117		
NF-25	1451	843	1099	664	4057		
Southern Belle	939	690	1533	869	4031		
Coker 797	1370	537	333	715	2955		
Mean	1290	1039	1132	1099	4561		
CV	18	19	18	22			
LSD (10% level)	287	242	245	287			

Planted on Sept. 8, 1980.

Fertilizer application - preplant 500 lbs of 12-12-12/acre, topdress 100 lbs of N/acre on Oct. 1st, 60 lbs of N/acre on Feb. 16.