

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS RESEARCH IN TEXAS, 1987

Page	Participating Scientists	Crops	Location of Research Station, and Cooperative Research Sites
3, 5	David H. Byrne	Peach	College Station
3, 5	Terry Bacon	Plums	
7	J. Dan Hanna	Apricots	
9	Calvin G. Lyons	Grapes	
10	T. Glynn Littleton	Pecans	
10	G. R. McEachern		
10, 20, 46	Gerald Johnson		
12	J. Benton Story		
46	Berry Thompson		
15	R. D. Mardard	Pecan	
17	L. Austin Stockton	Grapes	
17		Apples	
19, 20, 21, 23	John A. Lipe	Peach	Fredericksburg
19, 20	Duery Menzies	Pecan	

COMPILED AND EDITED BY:

Robert E. Rouse
Texas Agricultural Experiment Station
2415 East Highway 83
Weslaco, TX 78596

David H. Byrne
Department of Horticulture
Texas A&M University
College Station, TX 77843

The Texas Agricultural Experiment Station, Neville P. Clarke, Director,
Texas A&M University System, College Station, TX.

SUBJECT TOPIC: Grass Control in Orchards With Systemic Herbicides

INVESTIGATOR(S): John A. Lipe - TAEX, Fredericksburg

CROP(S): Pecans

ABSTRACT:

Objectives:

1. Test optimum rates of Roundup for effective kill of Bermudagrass.
2. Compare kill of Bermudagrass with Roundup using varied amounts of solution per acre.
3. Compare kill of Bermudagrass using Roundup at varied solution concentrations.
4. Compare kill of Bermudagrass with Roundup applied at various spray speeds.
5. Compare kill of Bermudagrass by label rates of Roundup, Fusilade and Poast.

General Approach:

Herbicide treatments were applied to Coastal Bermudagrass in a Fredericksburg pecan orchard on June 13, 1986. Treatments were made one week after mowing. Plots were single replicates 51 cm (20 inches) wide by 15 m (50 feet) long.

Treatments were applied using a Solo Backpack sprayer with a TeeJet 8002 flat fan spray tip. Pressure was maintained near 140 KPa (20 PSI). Surfactant (1/2%) was added to each Roundup treatment while crop oil 2.3 l/ha (1 qt/acre) was added to the Fusilade and Poast sprays.

A later set of treatments was applied on July 8, 1986. Treatment size and method of applications was the same as for the earlier treatments. The Bermudagrass was becoming slightly drought stressed and had formed seed heads at that time.

Findings:

Tables 1 and 2 show the results of the treatments applied and visual ratings of results. The most efficient kill of Bermudagrass with succulent regrowth 1 week after mowing was using a 4.8% Roundup concentration; applied at 6.4 Km/hr (4 mph) in 99 l/ha (10.6 gal. of solution per acre).

The same rates gave optimum efficiency in the later treatments.

Roundup gave the best residual kill among the chemicals used.

Table 1. Effects of Roundup, Fusilade and Poast on kill and subsequent regreening of Coastal Bermudagrass when applied at varying rates, speed, and concentrations. Treatments were applied on June 13, 1986, using 8002 spray tips.

Treatments		Spray Solution			Application Speed		Grass kill (%)	Grass Regreening (%)	
l/ha (qt/acre)		l/ha (gal/ac)	concn (%)		Km/hr (mph)		6/26	7/28	9/04
<u>Roundup</u>									
1.2	0.5	99	10.6	1.2	6.4	4	10	85	95
2.3	1.0	197	21.2	1.2	3.2	2	25	70	90
2.3	1.0	98	10.5	2.4	6.4	4	40	50	70
4.7	2.0	197	21.2	2.4	3.2	2	50	15	30
4.7	2.0	99	10.6	4.8	6.4	4	85	10	15
9.3	4.0	197	21.2	4.8	3.2	2	85	5	5
<u>Fusilade 4E</u>									
0.6	0.25	197	21.2	0.3	3.2	2	25	90	95
<u>Poast</u>									
1.7	0.75	197	21.2	0.9	3.2	2	25	90	95

Conversion 2.33 liters/ha equivalent to 1 qt/acre.

Conversion 1.61 kilometers/hr equivalent to 1.0 mph.

Table 2. Effects of Roundup and HOE-39866 on kill of Coastal Bermudagrass and ragweed when applied at varying rates, speed and concentrations. Treatments were applied on July 8, 1986 and % kill was evaluated on July 28, 1986. Regrowth of Bermudagrass was rated on September 4, 1986.

Treatment		Spray Solution		Application		Spray		Grass Kill (%)		Ragweed Kill (%)	
1/ha	(qt/acre)	1/ha	(gal/acre)	Concn (%)	Km/hr	Tip	Size	July 28	Sept. 4	July 28	July 28
0.6	0.25	49	5.3	1.2	6.4	11001	4	20	5	---	---
1.2	0.50	99	10.6	1.2	3.2	11001	2	40	5	---	---
1.2	0.50	49	5.3	2.4	6.4	11001	4	15	10	15	15
1.2	0.50	99	10.6	1.2	6.4	11002	4	20	15	20	20
2.3	1.0	99	10.6	2.4	3.2	11001	2	60	0	15	15
2.3	1.0	49	5.3	4.8	6.4	11001	4	50	40	50	50
2.3	1.0	197	21.2	1.2	3.2	11002	2	15	20	60	60
2.3	1.0	99	10.6	2.4	6.4	11002	4	70	30	70	70
2.3	1.0 + Uran (1%)	99	10.6	2.4	6.4	11002	4	75	40	75	75
2.3	1.0	99	10.6	2.4	6.4	11002	4	80	30	80	80
+Bivert 0.47 l (.5 qt)											
2.3	1.0	197	21.2	1.2	6.4	8004	4	50	30	50	50
4.7	2.0	99	10.6	4.8	3.2	11001	2	70	50	70	70
4.7	2.0	197	21.2	2.4	3.2	11002	2	80	30	80	80
4.7	2.0	99	10.6	4.8	6.4	11002	4	85	85	85	85
4.7	2.0 + Uran (1%)	197	21.2	2.4	3.2	11002	2	85	70	85	85
4.7	2.0	197	21.2	2.4	3.2	11002	2	85	40	85	85
+Bivert 0.95 l (1 qt)											
4.7	2.0	395	42.4	1.2	3.2	8004	2	80	60	80	80
4.7	2.0	197	21.2	2.4	6.4	8004	4	60	60	60	60
9.3	4.0	197	21.2	4.8	3.2	11002	2	100	95	100	100
9.3	4.0	395	42.4	2.4	3.2	8004	2	70	70	85	85
Kg/ha (lb/acre)											
HOE-39866											
3.5	1.5	99	10.6	8.6	6.4	11002	4	100	50	100	100
7.0	3.0	197	21.2	8.6	3.2	11002	2	100	70	100	100